

Review for Test 3

For full credit: use calculus to solve problems, circle answers, and **show all your work**.

1) Use the limit process to find the area under the curve of $y = x^2 + 2$ on $[2, 5]$.

2) I evaluated the integral $\int_{-2}^2 (x^3) dx =$ and

found the result to be zero. I double checked my work and found no errors; however, I know there is some area between the graph and the x -axis. Please explain the result.

3) Evaluate the integral:

$$\int_2^5 (-3v + 4) dv =$$

4) Determine the area under the curve

$$y = (3 - x)\sqrt{x} \text{ between } x = 4 \text{ and } x = 9.$$

5) Evaluate the integral without using calculus or your calculator:

$$\int_0^4 3x dx =$$

6) Find the indefinite integral and check the result by differentiation of $\int (t^2 - \sin t) dt$.

7) Evaluate the integral: $\int_0^1 (x - x^2) dx =$.

8) Evaluate the integral: $\int_{-1}^1 (t^3 - 9t) dt =$

9) Find the indefinite integral:

$$\int 5x * \sqrt[3]{1 - x^2} dx =$$

10) Evaluate the integral: $\int_0^{\pi} (1 + \sin x) dx =$.

11) Find the equation of a line tangent to:
 $y = \ln x^3$ at the point (1,0).

12) Find the derivative of: $y = \ln(x\sqrt{x^2 - 1})$.

13) If $g(x) = (\ln x)^4$ then find $g'(x) =$

14) Find: $\int \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} dx =$

15) Find the derivative of: $y = \ln|\sin x|$.

16) Evaluate: $\int_0^4 \frac{5}{3x+1} dx =$

17) Use logarithmic differentiation to find the derivative of: $y = x^{x-1}$

18) Find the integral: $\int 5^{-x} dx =$

19) Solve the equation for x :
 $\arcsin \sqrt{2x} = \arccos \sqrt{x}$.

20) Solve the differential equation:
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + 2$

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y + 2$$

22) Find the **area** between $f(x) = (x-1)^3$ and $g(x) = x-1$ on $[0, 2]$.

23) Solve the differential equation:

$$y' = \frac{5x}{y}$$

24) Find the derivative of $y = \ln |x|$.

25) Find the integral: $\int 5e^{5x} dx =$

26) If $f(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$ then find $f^{-1}(x) =$

27) Solve for x : $e^{\ln x} = 4$

28) Use logarithmic differentiation to find the derivative of: $y = x^{2/x}$

29) Find the derivative of:

$$f(x) = 2 \arcsin(x-1)$$

30) Evaluate the integral:

$$\int_0^{1/6} \frac{3}{\sqrt{1-9x^2}} dx$$